# Bulgarian Academy of Sciences

Opportunity for the Development of Photovoltaic Energy in Bulgaria

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PV irrigation seminar

Central Laboratory of Solar Energy & New Energy Sources

# Opportunity for the Development of Photovoltaic Energy in Bulgaria

MASLOWATEN seminar, Sofia,18 Apr 2018



- I. Legislation in PV sector
- II. PV systems current state
- III. Potential in Irrigation sector
- IV. New Developments
- V. Future Outlooks

#### I. Legislation in PV sector

EU frame: Directive 2012/27/EC (RES targets), Directive 2010/31/EC (Zero Energy Buildings)

National frame: ZEVI law (v.2015),

Energy Stock Exchange "web platform for intraday prices-min100kWh" (March 2018)

No more feed-in-tarifs, free market prices +premium for PV plants above 4MWp (July 2018)

National targets(2020): 16% RES in energy mix(OK-2015), 10% RES in transport sector National plan –NZEB (new buildings after 2018), National plan- E-mobility(2017)

Main funding: EU funds and grant schemes, small private investments National programme for EE in multi-family household buildings

Recent activity: PV market recovering after the low activity in 2015-2017

Short procedures only for rooftop PV projects up to 30 kWp in urban areas, 200kWp industrial roofs Moderate municipality energy projects for EF&RES in buildings

Small isolated PV projects intended for self-consumption

#### National energy figures:

Total installed PV power - 1 043 MWp, PV production - 1 325 472 MWh/yr

(DKEVR-2017)

(ESO)

Announced interest for new grid connections – 495 MWp (2018-2026)

Peak hourly load - 7.69 GW on Jan. 10 2017 (18:00)







#### PV installations in BG:





# II. PV systems -current state

#### PV sector still in transition:

- -Transition of PV plants owners
- -Transition in prices of PV electricity
- Transition in business models



#### Grid Operators in BG

In MW	ESO	EVN	CEZ	Energo-Pro
Hydro PP, Micro Hydro PP	1470.8300	81.8674	185.0490	13.203
Wind PP	435.5	37.75	18.12	265.04
PV PP	275.781	494.866	140.475	100.854
Biomas and Biogas PP	13.189	1.83	6.334	0.285
Total:	2195.3000	616.3134	349.9780	379.382



# II. PV systems -current state

#### Varna Airport

#### Reduction of Airport Carbon footprint

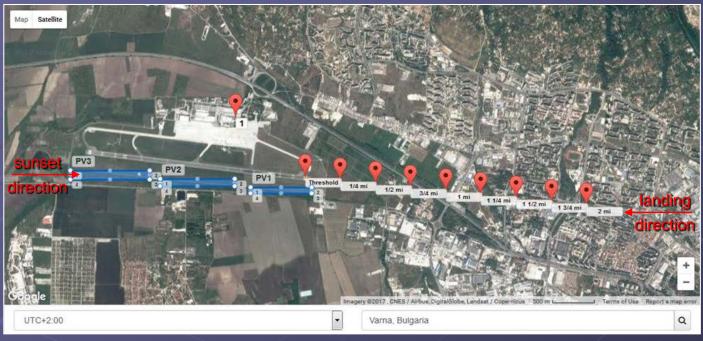
#### CO<sub>2</sub> Offsetting

#### PV system design:

PV plant power: 1.2 MWp PV yield prediction: 1 385 MWh/yr BMS system

#### Consumers:

- -Airfield lighting
- -AirControl tower
- -Navigation systems
- -HVAC in terminal



# Shade and Glare Analysis & Simulations: seasonal and hourly effects

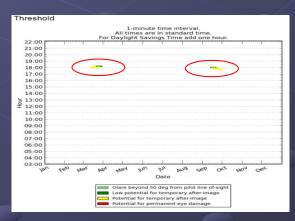
#### Dangerous zone:

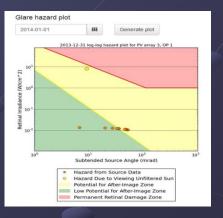
- East part of runway Recomendations:
- texturized PV modules
- re-orientation -5° East

Solar glare with low to middle intensity max Irr: 10 mW/cm<sup>2</sup>

Temporary lost of visual sensitivity Risk intervals:

20-25 March, 17:30- 18:30 20-25 Sept., 17:30- 18:30





# II. PV systems -current state

#### PV plants Monitoring and Performance optimization

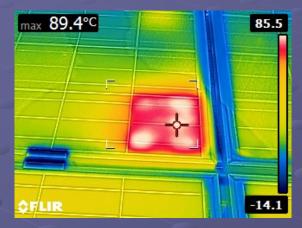


Irreversible defects in p-n junction of Si solar cell

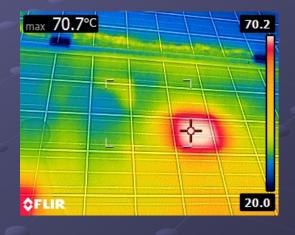




"Hot-spot" defect in single solar cell

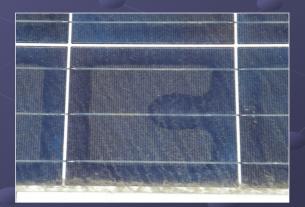




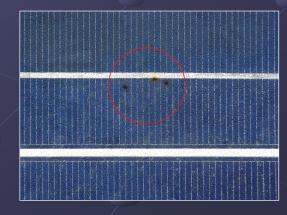


Wide-area resistive load

Aging effect of EVA polymer



Pinhole breaktrough in solar cell





# III. Potential in Irrigation sector

### 14 regional irrigation offices

#### Current state:

Only 2% of BG agricultural area is irrigated mainly from artificial lakes and dams (~6000) 300 Mln. m3 water for irrigation per year, typical source: micro-dams using open channels Limited human potential and financial resources

Big amount of small fragmented farms, problems with floods control Lack of feedback contacts and information grids (SWOT analysis)

#### National targets:

- -enhanced transfer of innovation practices
- -new information channels based on IT
- -enhanced municipality activity

#### Most popular agricultural plants:

Corn, wheat, rice, barley, vagetables potatoes

#### Shallow irrigation:

SW region - vegetables

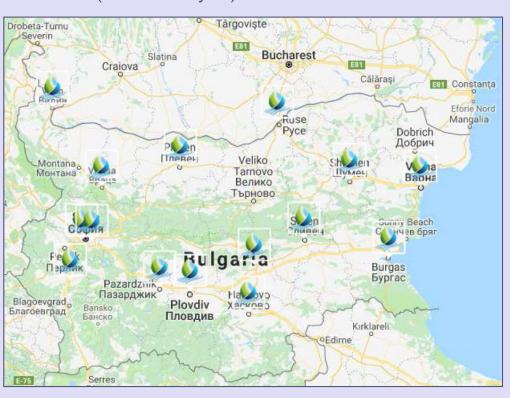
Trakia region - vegetables, corn, rice

SE region - water-melon, tomato

NW region - corn, fruits

#### Deep water pumping:

NE region - wheat, water-melon



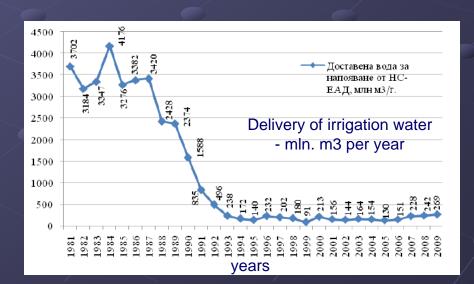


#### National strategy:

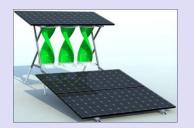
#### Problems:

- -40 yrs old infrastructure with high water losses due to leaks
- -unsettled ownership and responsibility
- -lack of professionals,
- -7 ministries involved in water management Proposals:
- usage of EU co-funding
- education of new specialists
- tendency for water savings
- enhanced resource minitoring

Total water volume collected in dams - 2 753 mln. m3 (2007)







# **Hybrid Energy Systems**

# Solar /Wind + Battery storage system connected to LV grid











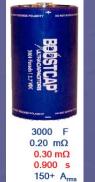


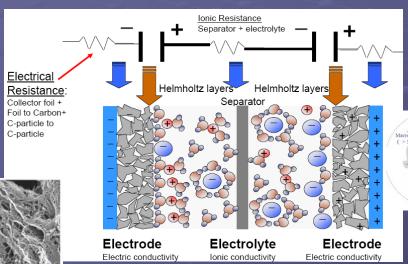
#### IV. New Developments

## Energy storage using superCAPs

EDLC supercapacitors - Graphene/Active Carbon + Polyaniline

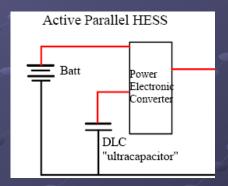
Low-cost Technology: screen-printing, ink-jet printing





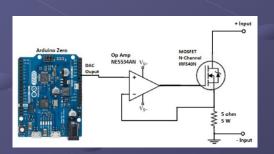


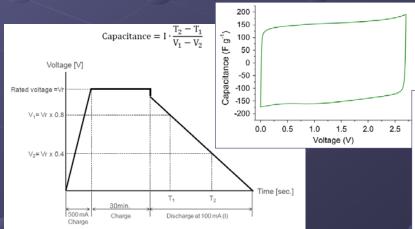
(R~ 1.5 x10<sup>-6</sup> ohm-cm) (about 2630 m<sup>2</sup>/g)

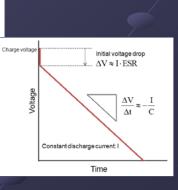


Applications: Hybrid batteries PV module + flat supercaps

Flexible Electrical Measurements based on open source (Arduino)







# Energy storage in hydrogen

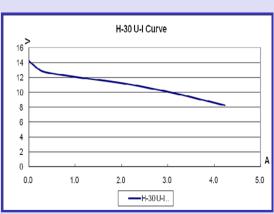


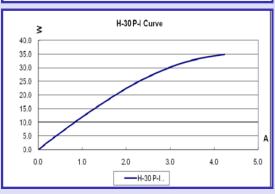
# Hydrogen (H<sub>2</sub>) Air (O<sub>2</sub>) and Water (H<sub>2</sub>O)

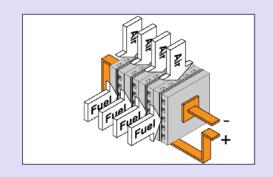
# IV. New Developments

# PEM Fuel Cells













PV systems design

- High-land PV pumping systems for drinkable water
- Land irrigation using centrifugal pumps
- Solar heating and cooling using thermo-pumps

Hybrid Storage Systems technology

- PV module/carbon-based superCAPs systems
- Small solar electrolyzers/PEM fuel cell systems





Thank you for your attention!